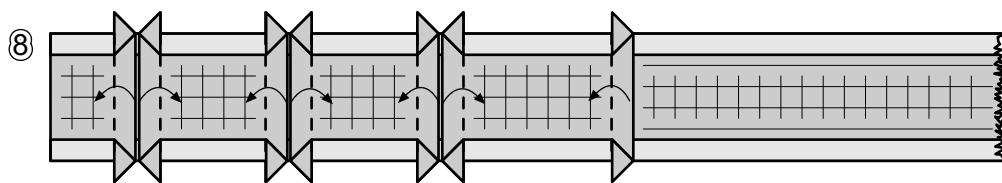
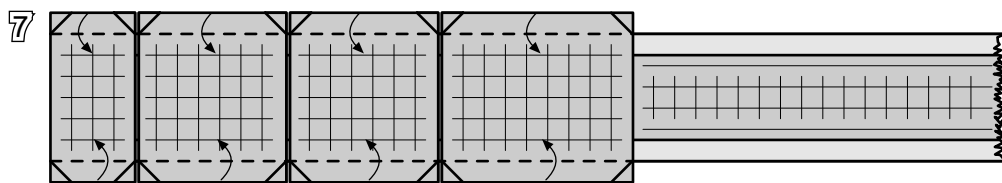
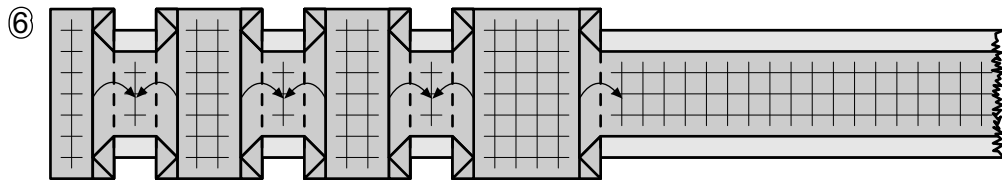
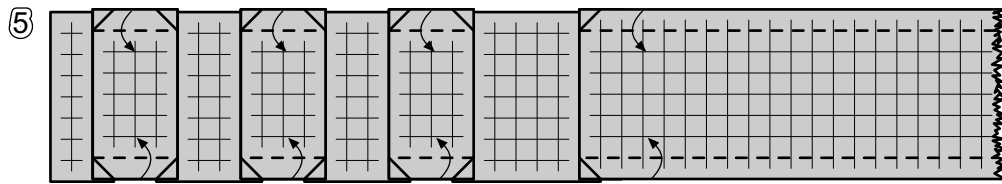
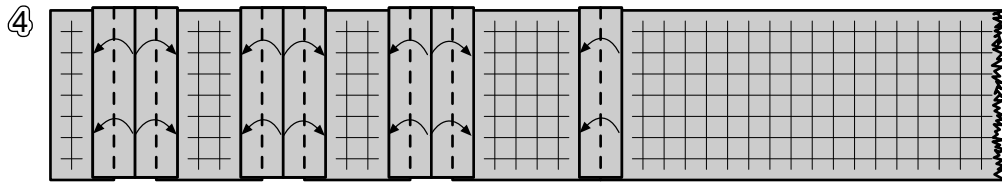
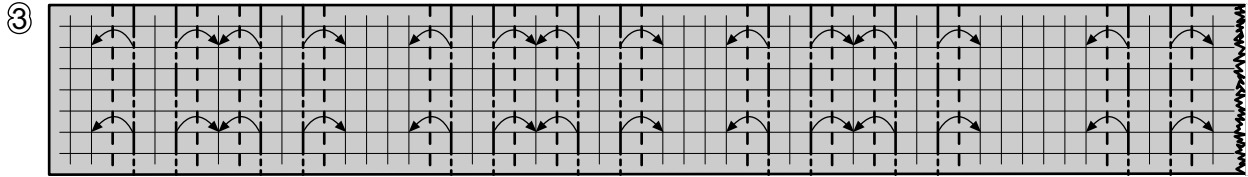
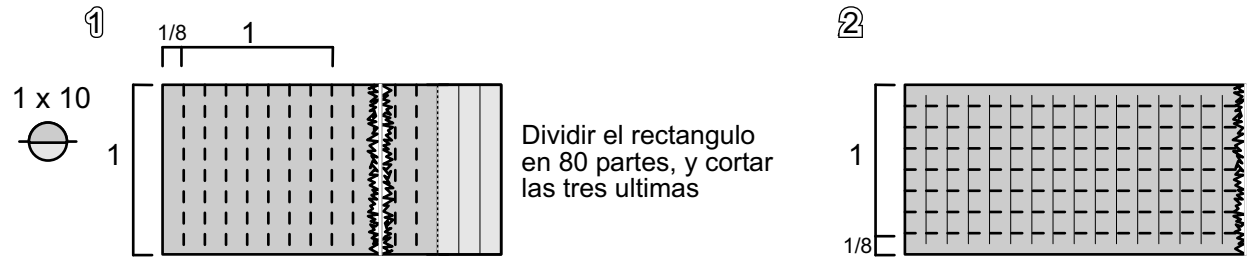
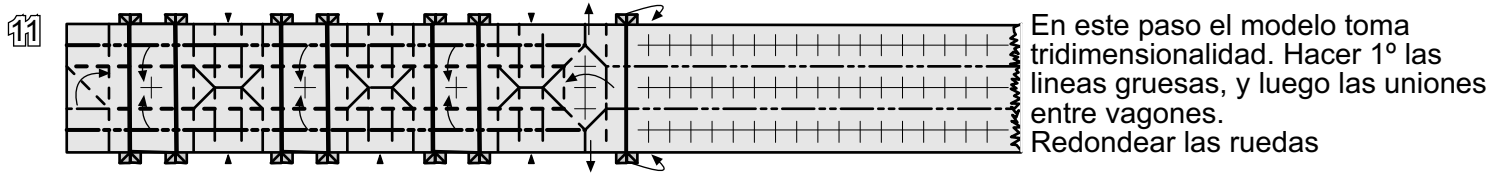
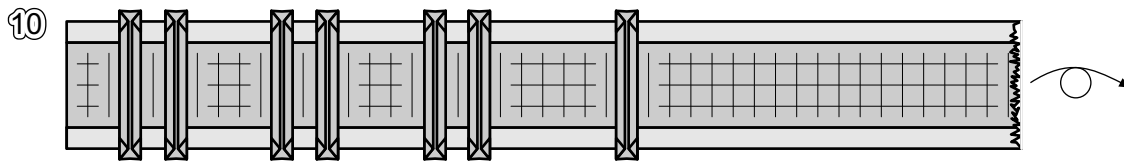
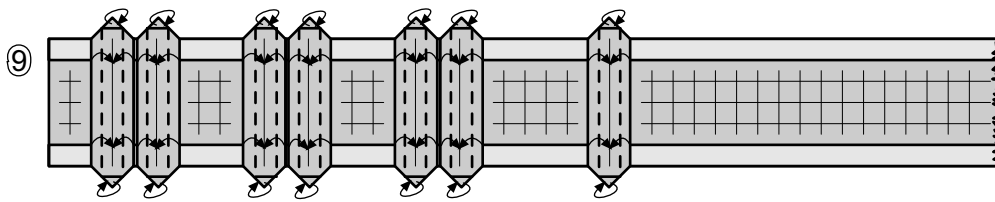


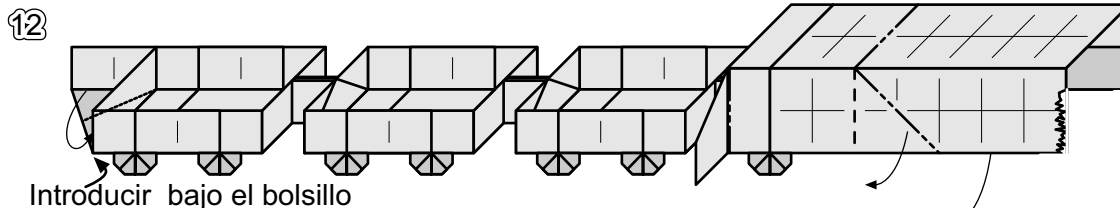
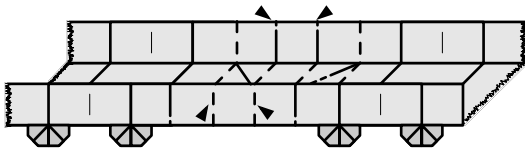
Jose Angel Iranzo



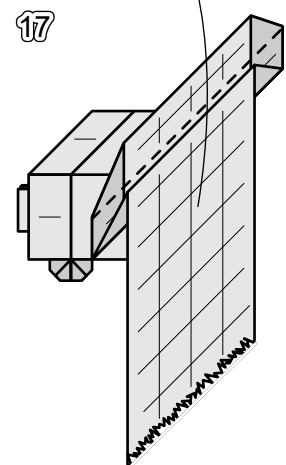
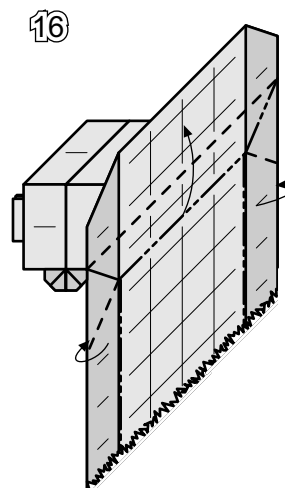
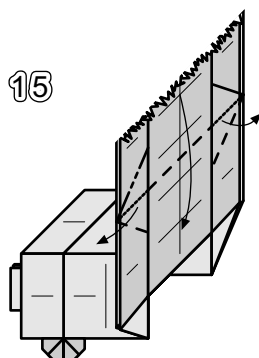
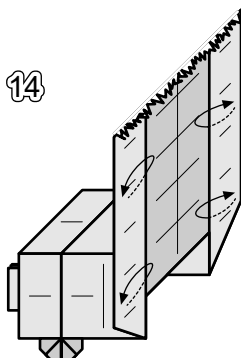
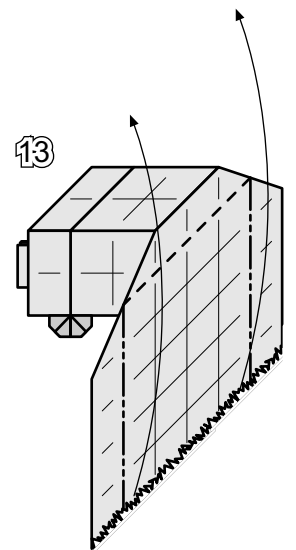


En este paso el modelo toma tridimensionalidad. Hacer 1° las líneas gruesas, y luego las uniones entre vagones. Redondear las ruedas

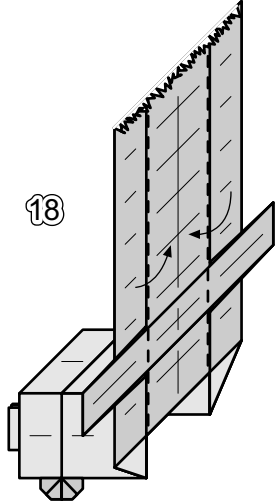
Paso intermedio (union entre vagones)



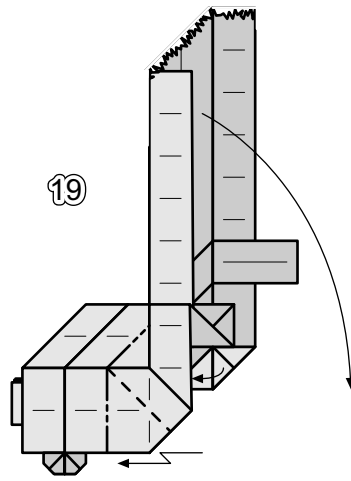
Introducir bajo el bolsillo



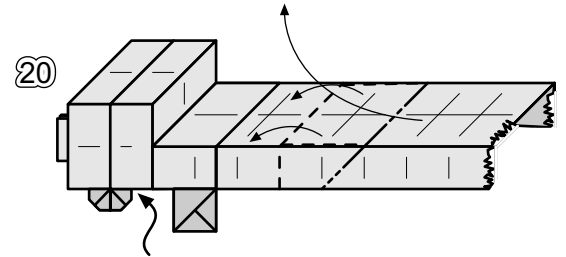
Sacar el papel de los bolsillos y plegar hacia fuera



18

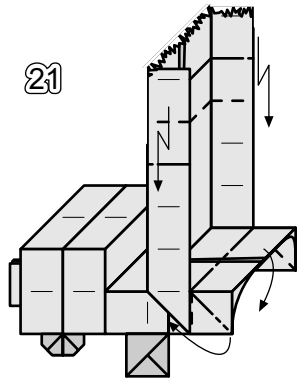


19



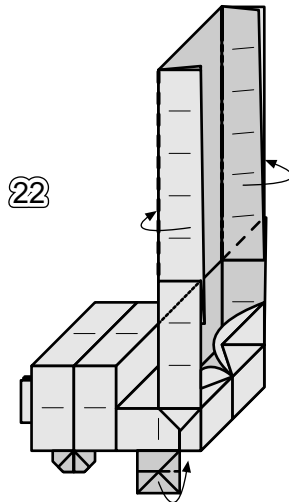
20

Trabar las esquinas interiores para que no se abra el modelo



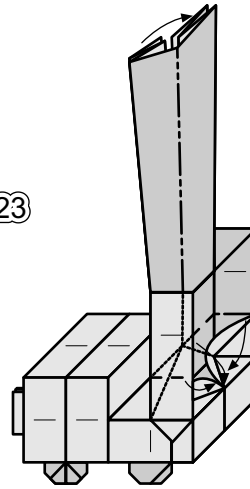
21

Introducir las esquinas en el bolsillo



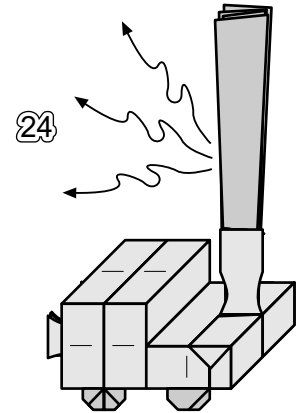
22

Dar forma a las ruedas



23

Formar la chimenea

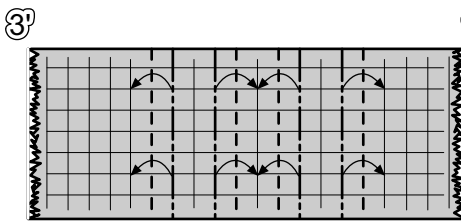


24

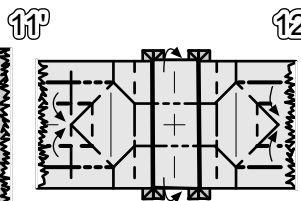
Dar forma al humo

Vagon cubierto

8 x 19

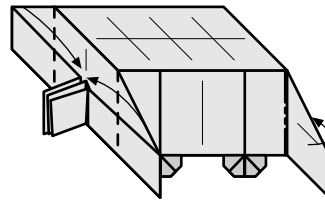


Hacer pasos 3 a 11

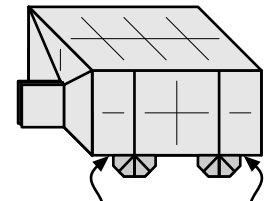


11'

12'



13'



Trabar las esquinas interiores para que no se abra el modelo

Se pueden hacer variantes de este tren añadiendo o quitando vagones, o combinando vagones cubiertos y vagones descubiertos. Para ello hay que calcular primero las dimensiones del rectángulo inicial, teniendo en cuenta que las dimensiones de los vagones son:

Vagon descubierto ---- 8 x 15
 Vagon cubierto ----- 8 x 19
 Locomotora ----- 8 x 32

25

Modelo terminado

